

Transatlantic Cooperation toward China

International Order and a Rising China A German Perspective

American Institute for Contemporary German Studies, Johns Hopkins University SAIS – Rome Building Auditorium, Wednesday, April 15, 2015, 9:00am – 12:30pm





Core Arguments

- China is seen as a key actor in the international system and a core Strategic Partner. Germany engages with China in a myriad of dialogues bilaterally (govt consultations) and in multilateral fora on global challenges.
- 2. The German approach strives for influence through provision of expertise and cooperation. The relationship is underpinned by huge trade volumes, annual govt consultations and extensive programmes.
- Germany & US share interests towards China/ in keeping the current international order, but not a joint vision.





The German Perspective







Structure of the Presentation

- German Chinese relations in a nutshell
- Global Governance in Flux: Sino-German cooperation
- US-German cooperation on China: Trade
- Challenges and US-German cooperation
- Conclusion and outlook





German – Chinese Relations

- <u>Economics:</u> biggest mutual trading partner in EU / Asia (>€140bn in 2013; GER trade 50% of total EU trade); high tech / engineering / machinery
- Politics:
- Annual govt consultations (since 2011; GER only country for CHN)
- "comprehensive innovation partnership" Oct 2014: global crises, NTS...
- Dialogues (selection):
 - "Dialogue on Foreign Security Policy" (Sts AA/MOFA and MOD/PLA)
 - 1st "Sino-German High-Level Financial Dialogue" (March 2015, Berlin)
 - Rule of Law Dialogue, Human Rights Dialogue (plus EU HRD)
- <u>Security:</u> Training on PK / UN Center / General Staff course and seminar
- <u>Culture:</u> cultural exchanges, 80 partner cities, visa, Language & science cooperation





Global Governance in Flux: Sino-German coop

- "Sino-German comprehensive strategic partnership in global responsibility" (2004) → 50 shared memberships in IO
- Shared interest in reforming UN and IOs
- Climate change Energy-Environment-Climate triangle main focus of govt consultations
- Financial issues / infrastructure → GER joins AIIB as founding member/HL Dialogue March 2015

→ Policy of active involvement and integration/ awareness of GER limits





USA – Germany: Common interests, common action?

Trade: EU/USA/DEU-CHN

Cooperation in global challenges (climate change, security challenges etc.)

| Trade Volume in Mio. € (2013) | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|
| USA→EU | 196,098 |
| USA←EU | 288,263 |
| EU→CHN | 148,297 |
| EU←CHN | 280,095 |
| USA→CHN | 121,736.4 |
| USA←CHN | 440,447.7 |





Chart Source: U.S. Global Investors (Frank Talk)

Source: CLSA Asia-Pasific Markets





Areas and challenges in GER – US cooperation

- International Order "managing change" to sustain?
- CHN parallel institutions to existing institutions underlying rules?
- Defecting from existing norms?/ eroding liberal international order?
- Areas of global governance definition in flux:
- cyber, non-traditional challenges, territorial borders at sea (UNCLOS)/maritime security
- Security architecture & stability:
- East Asia and peacekeeping globally

→ Lack of interest on US side on GER/EU cooperation: Pres. Obama in Brisbane: "no old baggage for AP" / Asianists vs. Europeanists





Conclusion

- 1. China is seen as a key actor in the international system and a core Strategic Partner. Germany engages with China in a myriad of dialogues bilaterally (govt consultations) and in multilateral fora on global challenges.
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Thank you very much for your attention.

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